



CFD analysis of NASA CRM using the Commercial code Advance/FrontFlow/red

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CFD code



Advence/FrontFlow/red (AFFr)

- ✓ Pressure Based Solver (SIMPLE method)
- ✓ Unstructured Mesh
- ✓ Finite Volume Method
- ✓ Turbulent Model : LES ,RANS

The AFFr code has been originally improved and developed by AdvanceSoft corporation based on the CFD code FrontFlow/red, which was developed in Frontier Simulation Software for Industrial Science(FSIS) project supported by IT program of Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology(MEXT),JAPAN.

The Original FrontFlow/red is Open source code, and you can download it from following URL.

<http://www.ciss.iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp/dl/>

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Run Summary



- ✓ M=0.847
- ✓ Re =2.26E6
- ✓ AoA simulated = -1.79, -0.62, 0.32, 1.39, 2.47, 2.94, 3.55, 4.65, 5.72deg
- ✓ Grid : HexaGrid (provided by JAXA) 13,329,362 nodes
- ✓ Sting : No

XEON E5-2650 v4 @ 2.20GHz
Intel FORTRAN
24cpu
120h
120GB

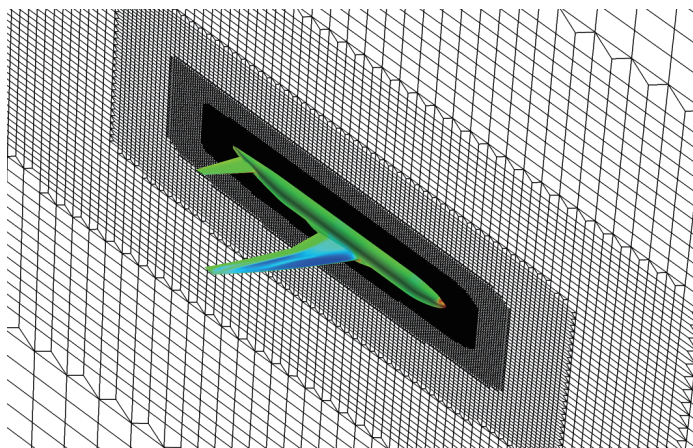
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Computational Mesh



- ✓ HexaGrid Medium size (provided by JAXA)
- ✓ Cell Center Discretization method
- ✓ $Y^+ < 0.2$



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Numerical method

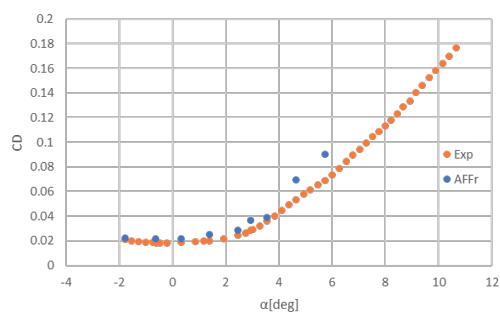
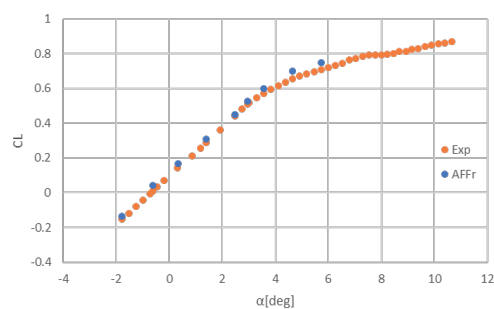
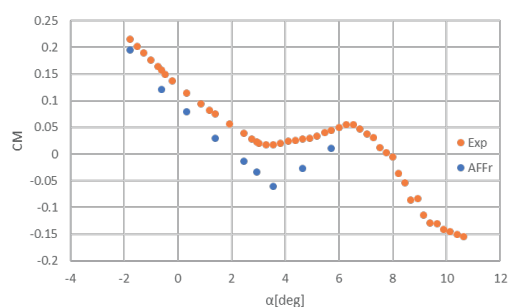


CFD solver	Advance/FrontFlow/red
Governing equation	Compressible Navier –Stokes equation
Turbulent model	SST $k-\omega$
Discretization in time	Euler implicit
Convection term	2 nd order up wind +Slope Limiter
Viscous term	2 nd order center
Pressure–velocity coupling method	SIMPLEC method
Equation of State	Ideal

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Results CD, CL, CM

 $\alpha - C_d$  $\alpha - C_l$  $\alpha - C_m$

• C_d and C_l

At high AoA, slightly larger than exp .

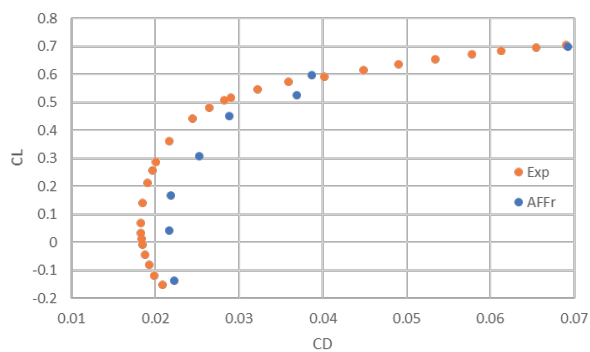
• C_m

Numerical results are smaller than exp.

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Results CD-CL

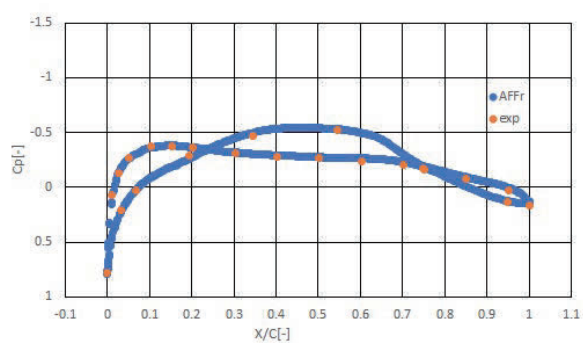


CD-CL

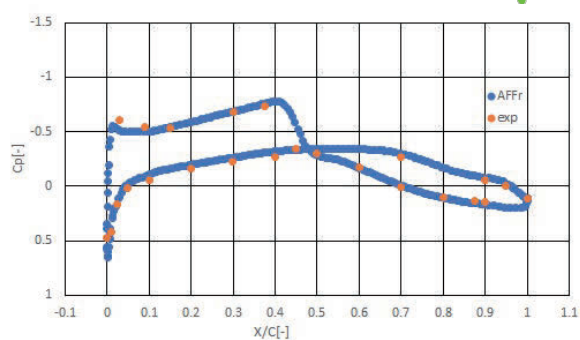
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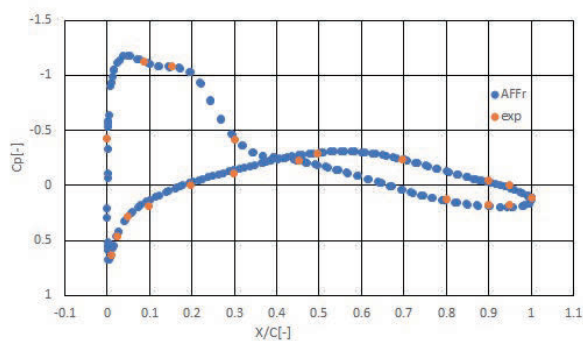
Results Cp -1.79[deg]



Section A



Section E



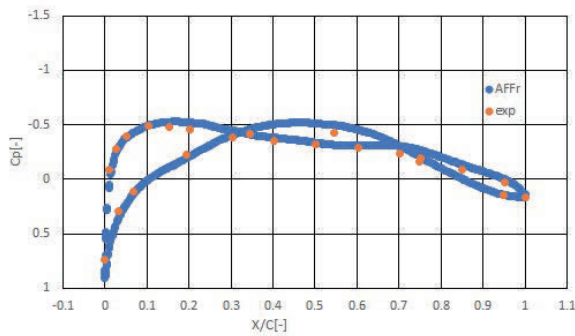
Section I

• These numerical results agree well with exp.

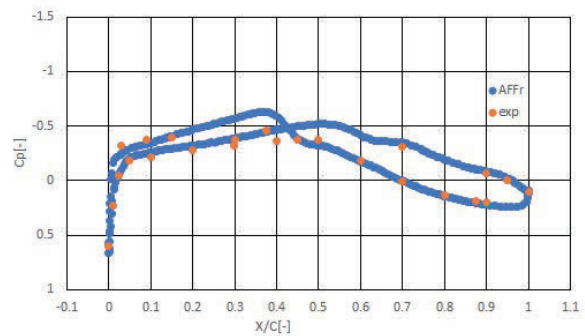
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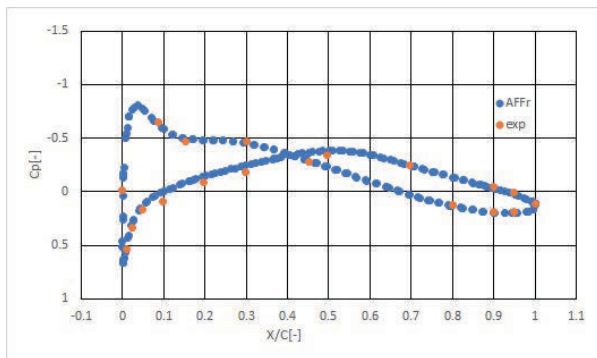
Results C_p -0.62[deg]



Section A



Section E



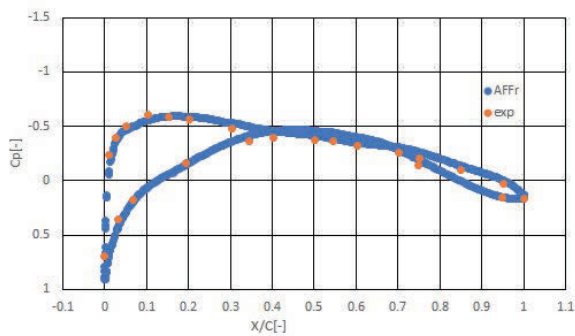
Section I

- In section E, near $x/c=0.4$, numerical results do not correspond with experimental results.

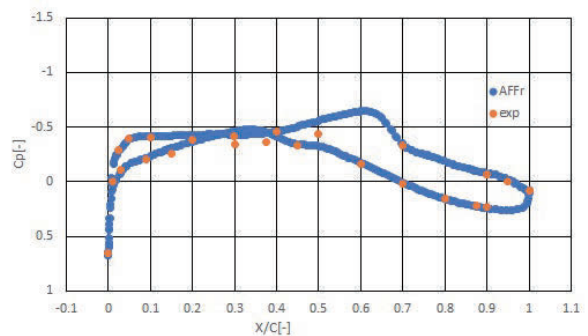
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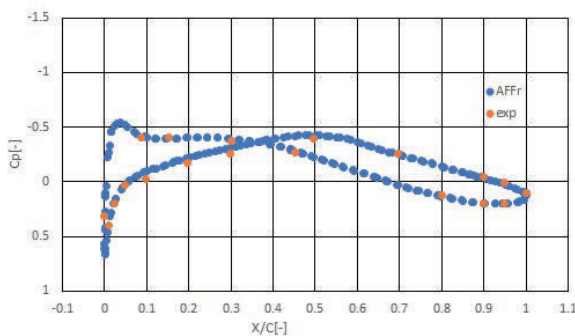
Results C_p 0.32[deg]



Section A



Section E



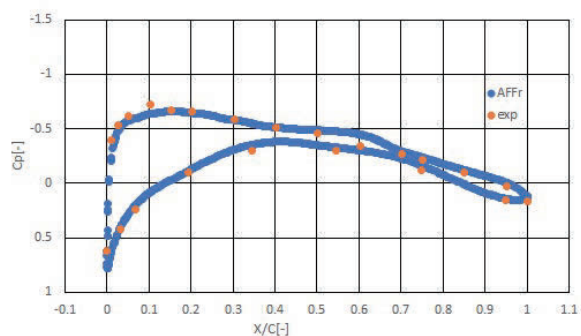
Section I

- In section E, near $x/c=0.4$, numerical results do not correspond with experimental results.

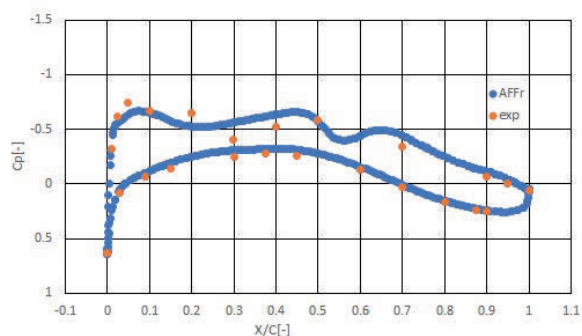
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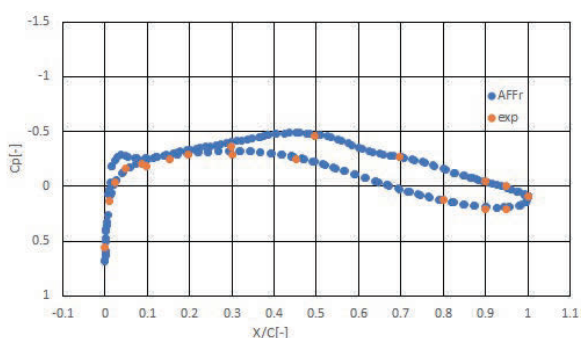
Results Cp 1.39[deg]



Section A



Section E



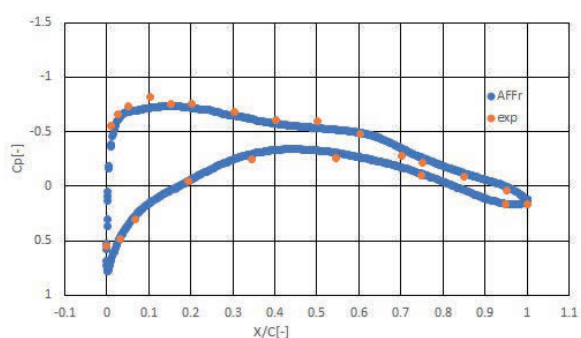
Section I

• In section E, at the upper side of the wing, near $x/c=0.3$, numerical results do not correspond with experimental results.

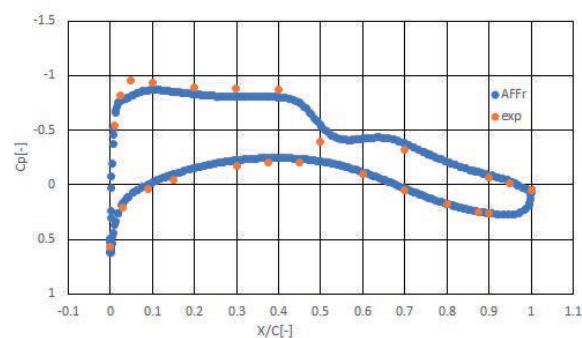
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Results Cp 2.47[deg]

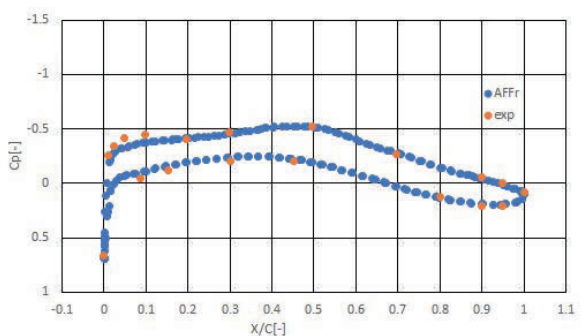


Section A



Section E

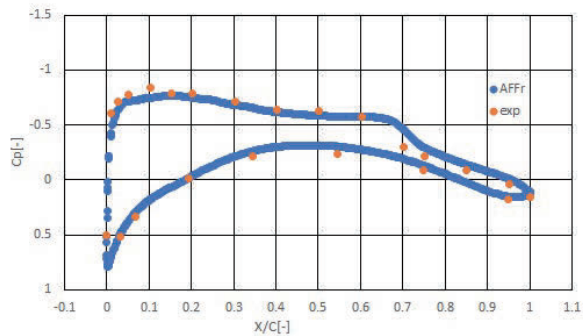
• At the upper side of the wing, where $x/c < 0.4$, numerical results are smaller than experimental results.



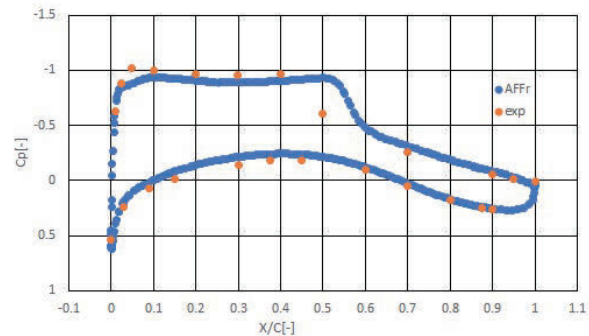
Section I

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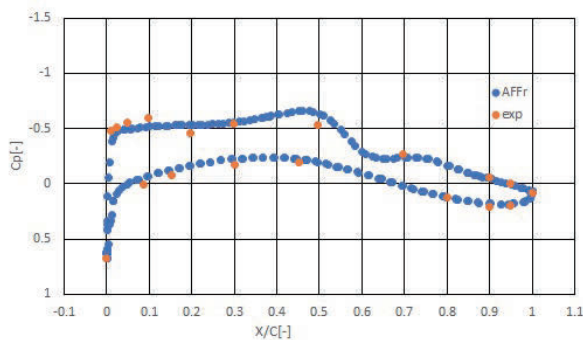
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Results C_p 2.94[deg]

Section A



Section E



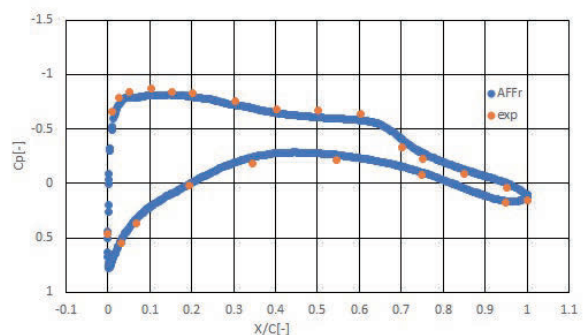
Section I

• At the upper side of the wing, where $x/c < 0.4$, numerical results are smaller than exp.

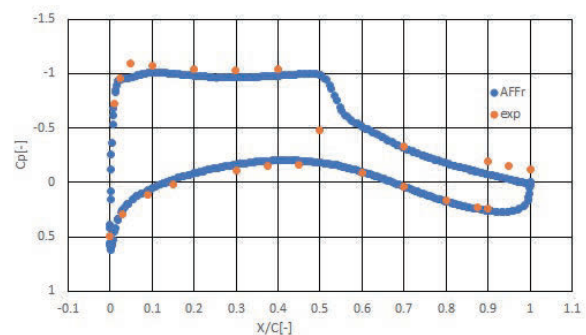
• In section E, at $x/c = 0.5$, the numerical result does not correspond with exp.

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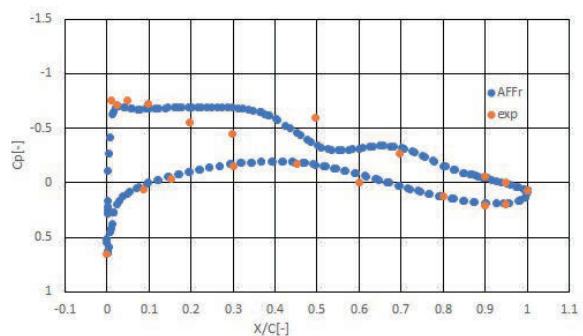
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Results C_p 3.55[deg]

Section A



Section E



Section I

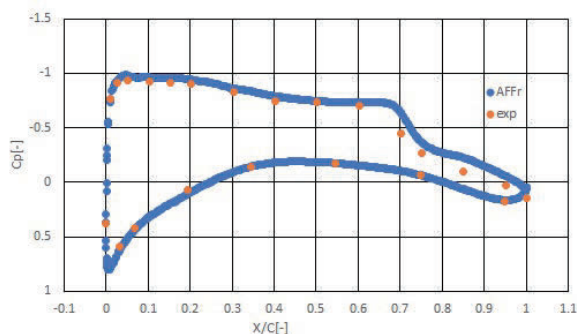
• At the upper side of the wing, where $x/c < 0.4$, numerical results are smaller than exp.

• In section E and I, near $x/c = 0.5$, numerical results do not correspond with exp.

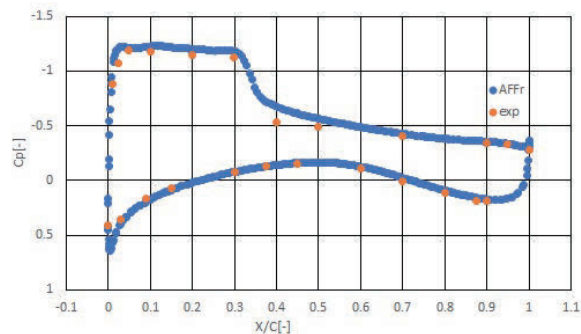
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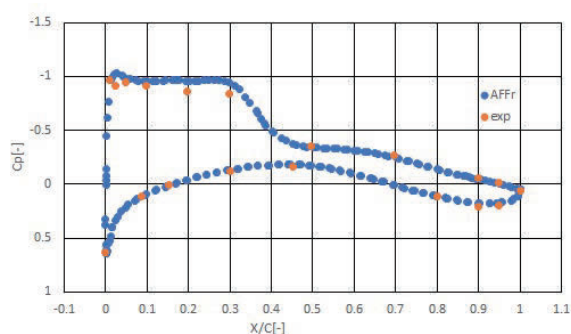
Results Cp 4.65[deg]



Section A



Section E



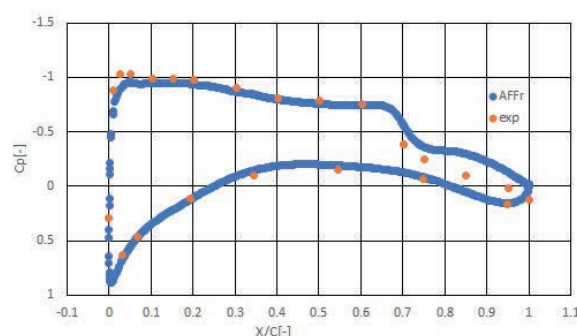
Section I

- At the upper side of the wing, where $x/c < 0.3$, numerical results are larger than exp.

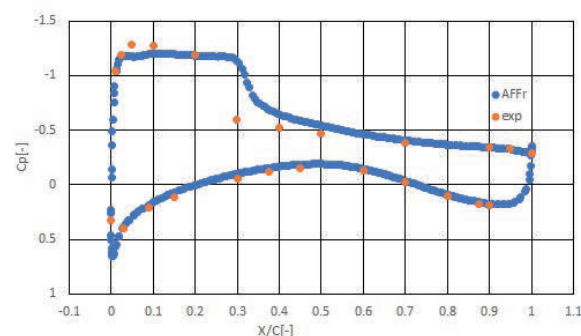
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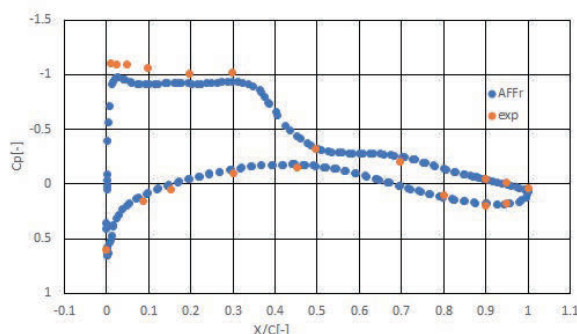
Results Cp 5.72[deg]



Section A



Section E



Section I

- At the upper side of the wing, where $x/c < 0.3$, numerical results are smaller than exp.

- In section E, at $x/c = 0.3$, the numerical result does not correspond with the exp.

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Conclusion



- We successfully performed NASA CRM calculation using with pressure based solver.
- Numerical results almost correspond with experimental results.
- In section E, near $x/c=0.4$, it is difficult to correspond numerical results with experiment results.
- If we can join in the next meeting, we would like to investigate the following issues.
 - ✓ Grid resolution convergence
 - ✓ Sting effect
 - ✓ LES