More than a decade of GOSAT and GOSAT-2 operations and data

products using their unique capabilities of FTS multiplex advantage

and target observations

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JAXA has been operating the GOSAT and GOSAT-2 satellites, which have been measuring two greenhouse

gases for more than a decade. Over this period, we have accumulated data on radiance spectra of reflected

sunlight with two linear polarizations and thermal emissions, thank to updated Level 1 products with radiance

degradation correction and the new solar irradiance data set of the Total and Spectral Solar Irradiance Sensor-

1 (TSIS-1) Hybrid Solar Reference Spectrum (HSRS). The release plans for the next versions of GOSAT V300

and GOSAT-2 V220 follow.

Utilizing the multiplex advantages of the FTS, the EORC L2 algorithm retrieves the partial column densities

of lower- and upper- tropospheric carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) and methane (CH<sub>4</sub>), at roughly 0- 4 km and 4- 12 km,

respectively. Thirteen years of total and partial columns data on 2, 2, and 11 vertical layers of CO2, CH4 and

water vapor (H2O), respectively, and solar-induced chlorophyll fluorescence (SIF) are available at

https://www.eorc.jaxa.jp/GOSAT/GPCG/download v2/. We have examined the lower-tropospheric CO2

products from GOSAT target observations to estimate emissions over global megacities.

We started the joint ESA-NASA-JAXA #2 dashboard program to relate the stories about the air we breathe

and greenhouse gases as a product of combustion. We apply CO<sub>2</sub> data from multiple instruments on GOSAT,

GOSAT-2, and OCO-3, using nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>) as a proxy for anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and SIF

from TROPOMI over target megacities such as Cairo, Shanghai, New York City and Tokyo. The Committee

on Earth Observation Satellites (CEOS) working group calibration and validation (WGCV) has opened

the Vicarious Calibration Portal for Space-borne GHGs Sensors at

https://www.eorc.jaxa.jp/GOSAT/GHGs Vical/index.html. Using a seamless dataset from multiple sensors,

we provide satellite data and calibration and validation dataset of the ground, radiosondes, airplanes,

methodology, and analysis results to contribute to flux estimation, and data assimilation.

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