

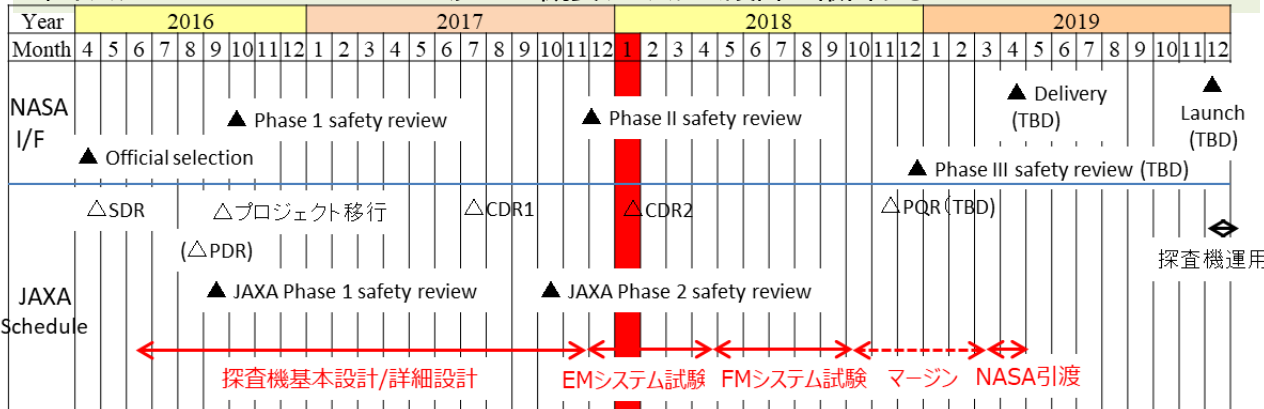
P-089 OMOTENASHI探査機システム開発状況 (ミッション概要)



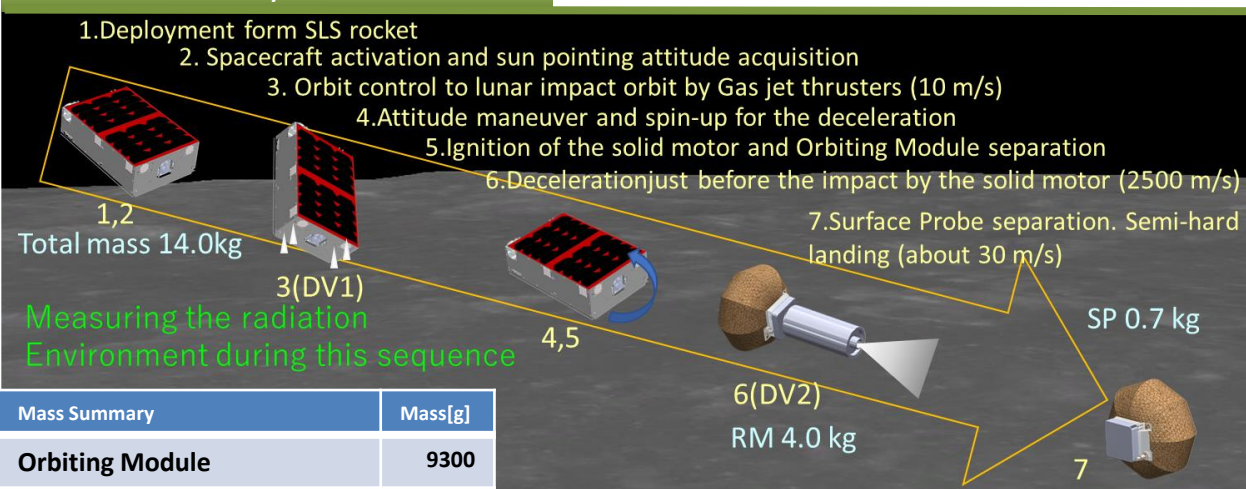
概要/スケジュール

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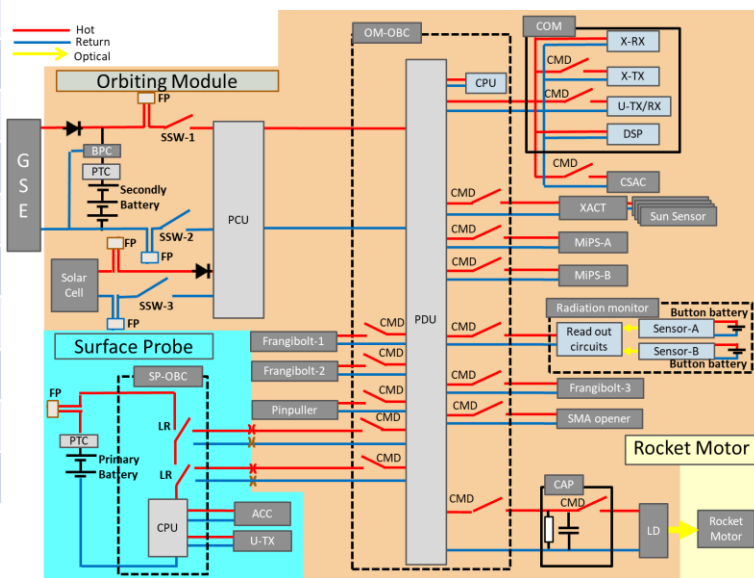
JAXAでは、2019年打ち上げ予定のSLSロケット初号機 (EM-1)にてOMOTENASHI探査機を打ち上げ予定である。本探査機では月面にセミハード着陸する超小型探査機技術を実証する。本ポスターはOMOTENASHIのミッション概要、システム設計を報告する。



ミッション概要/システム設計



Mass Summary	Mass[g]
Orbiting Module	9300
Structure	2300
Propulsion	3000
Instruments & bus system	4000
Rocket motor	4000
Propellant	2800
Motor case and nozzle	1200
Surface Probe	700
Shock absorber and structure	500
Instruments and bus system	200
Total	14000



軌道計画

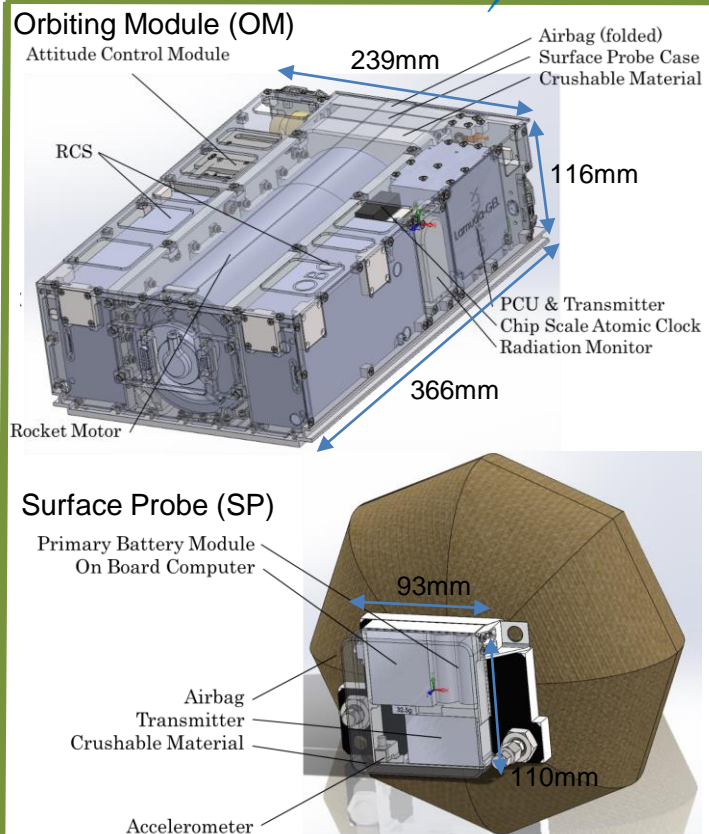
地球-月遷移軌道フェーズ

- ・OMOTENASHIはEM-1から分離後の約1日後にΔV1を行い、月衝突軌道へ軌道変更を行う。
- ・ΔV1から1日後に、軌道修正ΔV(TCM: Trajectory Correction Maneuver)を実施することで、100%の確率で各制約条件を満足しつつ月面に接近が可能となる。

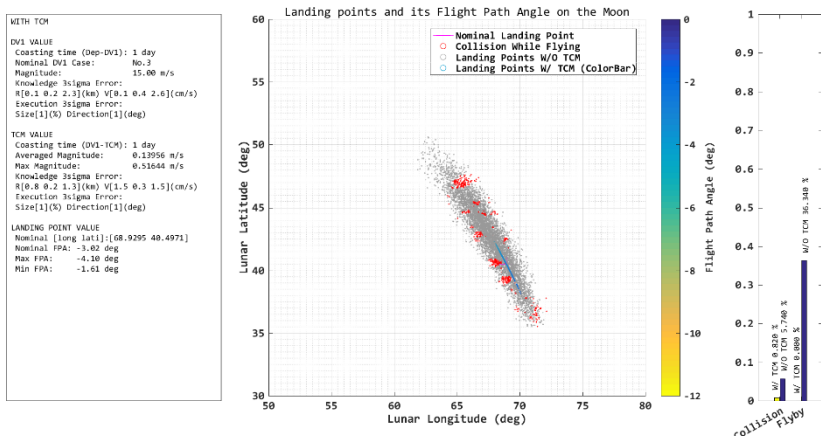
月面着陸フェーズ

- ・ロケットモータの誤差要因などから着陸速度30 m/s以内を満たすため、できる限り浅い角度での月面接近を目指す。
- ・月面から約1 kmの高度で固体モータを点火し急減速を約20秒間行う。(ΔV2:約2500 m/s)

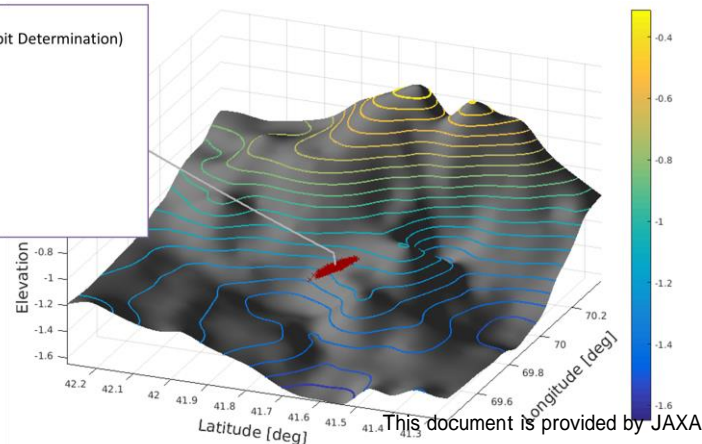
探査機概要



Component	System Design				
Payload	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Radiation monitor by JAXA & AIST(OM)• Shock acceleration measurement (SP)				
Mechanical & Structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 6U, 14kg, consists of three modules,• OM (Orbiting Module), RM (Rocket Motor), SP (Surface probe).				
Propulsion	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Rocket motor by KHI (2500 m/s TBD)• Cold Gas jet MiPS by VACCO (DV1:280Ns, Spinning up for DV2:10Ns)				
Avionics	2 On Board Computer (for OM, SP)				
Electrical Power System	<table><tr><td>OM</td><td><ul style="list-style-type: none">• Solar cell by SHARP (body mounted)• Secondary battery (3series 1parallel)• 2 Button batteries (1series 1parallel)</td></tr><tr><td>SP</td><td>Primary battery (2series 1parallel)</td></tr></table>	OM	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Solar cell by SHARP (body mounted)• Secondary battery (3series 1parallel)• 2 Button batteries (1series 1parallel)	SP	Primary battery (2series 1parallel)
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Telecom	<table><tr><td>OM</td><td><ul style="list-style-type: none">• X-band Up & Down Link• Amateur Radio Frequency Up & Down Link• Chip Scale Atomic Clock</td></tr><tr><td>SP</td><td>Amateur Radio Frequency Downlink</td></tr></table>	OM	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• X-band Up & Down Link• Amateur Radio Frequency Up & Down Link• Chip Scale Atomic Clock	SP	Amateur Radio Frequency Downlink
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SP	Amateur Radio Frequency Downlink				
Attitude Control System	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sun Acquisition: 0.1 deg• Three axis stabilized: 0.01 deg• Spin: 3~15 rpm (TBD) <p>XACT by BCT</p>				



- Error sources
- Position and velocity at ignition (Orbit Determination)
 - Thrust pointing (attitude)
 - Angle with local horizontal
 - Angle with local vertical
 - Spin axis nutation
 - Rocket engine performance
 - Specific impulse
 - Total ΔV
 - Thrust duration
 - Ignition timing



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